Y/N	IEUCE		/2006 and Regulation (E		.57650			
	on: 1 Date	e of compilation:	-			Date	ofprinting: 04/04/2022	
		•		EAND OF	THE COMPANY/UNDE			
1.1	PRODUCT IDE	NTIFIER: 109M-100W-WM76	NEUCE Code: 2	RAPID F10 29.05.07.0	6- Esm.S/R BASE 3 Me 3	eio Brilho		
1.2	Intended use Product for m Sectors of use Industrial ma Professional u Uses advised This product as 'Intended	s (main technical func tetal decoration. tetal decoration. tetal decoration. tetal decorations uses (SU22). against: against: is not recommended for or identified uses'. n manufacture, placin	or any use or sector of us	se (industri		[X] Industrial [X] Profess mer) other than those pre $a_1(EC) No. 1907/2006:$		
1.3	NEUCE - Indú Rua Francisco Phone: +351	256 840040 - Fax: - ss of the person respo	- 3700-892 - Romariz SJ		al)			
1.4	EMERGENCY	TELEPHONE NUMBER	_ +351 256 840041 (9:	00-18:30 H	n.) (working hours)			
SECTI	ON 2 : HAZAR	RDS IDENTIFICATIO	N					
2.1	1 CLASSIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE: Classification of mixtures is carried out in accordance with the following principles: a) when data (tests) for the classification of mixtures are available, generally is carried out based on these data, b) in the absence of data (tests) for mixtures are generally used interpolation or extrapolation methods of assessing the risk, using the available data formixtures similarly classified, and c) in the absence of tests and information which would allow to apply interpolation or extrapolation techniques, methods are used to classify risk assessment based on the data of the individual components in the mixture. Classification in accordance with Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008~2020/1182 (CLP): WARNING: Flam. Liq. 3:H226 Skin Irrit. 2:H315 Eye Irrit. 2:H319 Skin Sens. 1:H317 STOT SE (irrit.) 3:H335 STOT RE 2:H373 EUH066							
	Danger class	Classificati	on of the mixture	Cat.	Routes of exposure	Target organs	Effects	
	Physicochem	Skin Irrit. 2 Eye Irrit. 2 Skin Sens STOT SE (STOT RE 2 EUH066	2:H315 c) 2:H319 c) .1:H317 c) irrit.)3:H335 c)	Cat.2 Cat.2 Cat.1 Cat.3 Cat.2	- Skin Eyes Skin Inhalation Inhalation Skin	- Skin Eyes Skin Respiratory tract Systemic Skin	- Irritation Irritation Allergy Irritation Damage Dryness, Cracking	
2.2	Note: When i	n section 3 a range of o of each component,	tioned is indicated in sec percentages is used, the but below the maximum	e health an n value . This prod		s describe the effects of the signal word WARNING in ac ~2020/1182 (CLP)		
	Hazard stater H226 H373i H319 H315 H315 H317 Precautionan P102 P210 P280F P363	y statements:	Causes serious eye im May cause respiratory Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic Keep out of reach of ch Keep away from heat,	organs thr tation. irritation. skin reaction ildren. hot surface s, clothin g	es, sparks, open flames a and eye prote ction. In ca	ated exposure if inhaled. and other ignition sources. ase of in ad equate ven til ati		

		lation (EC) No. 1907	(2006 and Regulation (EU) No . 2015/830	
	VEUCE	NEUCERAPID F16 Code: 29.05.07.03	5- Esm.S/R BASE 3 Meio Brilho	
	P305+P351+I P501b <u>Supplementar</u> EUH208 <u>Substances th</u> Xylene Oleylamine-tr	P353-P352-P312 P338-P310 y statements: <u>at contribute to classi</u> imeric C18-fatty acids cids oleylamide		r doctor if you feel unwell. contact lenses, if pre sent and octor. n point.
2.3	Other physicol Other adverse	n do not result in class <u>chemical hazards:</u> Va human health effects	ification but which may contribute to the overall hazards of the mixture pours may form with a ir a mixture potentially flammable or explosive. Prolonged exposure to vapours may produce transient drowsiness. ts: Does not contain substances that fulfil the PBT/vPvB criteria.	
SECTI	ION 3 : COMPO	SITION/INFORMA	TION ON INGREDIENTS	
3.1	SUBSTANCES: Not applicable			
3.2	HAZARDOUSI	<u>rription:</u> ments, extenders, re: <u>NGREDIENTS:</u>	sins and additives in organic solvents. age higher than the exemption limit:	
	20 < 25 %	List No. 905-588 CLP: Danger: Fla	m. Liq. 3:H226 Acute Tox. (inh.) 4:H332 Acute Tox. (skin) it. 2:H315 Eye Inrit. 2:H319 STOT SE (inrit.) 3:H335 STOT	Autoclassified < REACH
	15 < 20 %	List No. 905-562 CLP: Danger: Fla	m. Liq. 3:H226 Acute Tox. (inh.) 4:H332 Acute Tox. (skin) it. 2:H315 Eye Init. 2:H319 STOT SE (init.) 3:H335 STOT	Autoclassified < REACH
	0,1 < 0,3 %	Cobalt bis(2-eth) CAS: 136-52-7, CLP: Warning: Ac Repr. 2:H361f	/ <mark>lhexanoate)</mark> EC: 205-250-6 ute Tox. (oral) 4 :H302 Eye Irrit. 2:H319 Skin Sens. 1:H317 Aquatic Acute 1: H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 3:H412	Autoclassified < REACH
	< 0,25 %	CAS: 64742-95-6 CLP: Danger: Fla	(petroleum), light aromatic 5, EC: 265-199-0 REACH: 01-2119486773-24 m. Liq. 3: H226 Skin Irrit. 2: H315 STOT SE (narcosis) 3: H336 04 Aquatic Chronic 2: H411	Index No. 649-356-00-4 (Note H,P) < REACH / AT P0 1
	< 0,20 %	CAS: 96-29-7, E		Index No. 616-014-00-0 < CLP00
	< 0,15 %	CAS: 147900-93 CLP: Warning: Ac	eric C18-fatty acids aduct -4 , List No. 604-612-4 ute Tox. (oral) 4 :H302 Skin Sens. 1B: H317 STOT RE ic Chronic 2 :H411	Autoclassified
	< 0,15 %	CAS: 64742-82-3 CLP: Danger: Fla	e <mark>um), hydrodesulfurized heavy</mark> L, EC: 265-185-4 m. Liq. 3:H226 Skin Irrit. 2:H315 STOT SE (narœsis) 3:H3 <i>3</i> 6)4 Aquatic Chronic 2:H411	Index No. 649-330-00-2 (Note H,P) < AT P0 1
	< 0,15 %		s oleylamide 3 , EC: 288-315-1 e Dam. 1:H318 Skin Sens. 1A:H317 STOT RE 2 :H3 <i>7</i> 30	Autoclassified < REACH
	<u>Stabilizers:</u> None Reference to o	nzene < 0.1%. o <u>ther sections:</u> mation on hazardous	ingredients, see sections 8, 11, 12 and 16.	

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	List updated by E	VERY HIGH CONCERN (SVH C): CHA on 08/07/2021. Csubject to authorisation, included in Annex XIV of Reg	ulation (EC) no. 1907/2006:									
	Substances SVHC candidate to be included in Annex XIV of Regulation (EC) no. 1907/2006: None PERSISTENT, BIOACCUMULABLE AND TOXIC PBT, OR VERY PERSISTENT AND VERY BIOACCUMULABLE VPVB SUBSTANCES:											
	PERSISTENT, BIOACC	UMULABLE AND TOXIC PBT, OR VERY PERSISTENT AND VERY BIOACC substances that fulfil the PBT/vPvB criteria.	UMULABLE VPVB SUBSTANCES:									
SECT	ION 4 : FIRST AID	MEASURES										
4.1	Sym pers self-	DESCRIPTION OF FIRST-AID MEASURES: Symptoms may occur after exposure, so that in case of direct exposure to the product, when in doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Lifeguards should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective equipment if there is a possibility of exposure. Wear protective gloves when administering first aid.										
	Route of exposur	e Symptoms and effects, acute and delayed	Description of first-aid measure	25								
	Inhalation:	Inhalation of solvent vapours may produce headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, unconsciousness. Inhalation produces irritatio to mucus, coughing and breathlessness.	Remove the patient out of the the fresh air. If breathing is irreg administer artificial respiration n unconscious, place in appropria Keep the patient warm and at attention arrives.	gular or stops, . Ifthe person is ate recovery position.								
	Skin:	Skin contact causes redness. Prolonged conta may cause skin dryness.	ct Remove immediately contami thoroughly the affected area w lukewarm water and neutral se	ith plenty of cold or								
	Eyes:	Contact with the eyes produces redness and pain.	Remove contact lenses. Rinse irrigation with plenty of clean, f 15 minutes, holding the eyelid irritation is reduced. Call a phys	résh water for at least s apart, until the								
	Ingestion:	If swallowed, may cause irritation of the throa abdominal pain, drowsiness, nausea, vomitin and diarrhoea.		t induce vomiting, due to								
4.2	MOST IMPORTANT SYMPTOMS AND EFFECTS, BOTH ACUTE AND DELAYED: The main symptoms and effects are indicated in sections 4.1 and 11.1											
4.3	Notes to physicia	NY IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION AND SPECIAL TReatment should be directed at the control of symptotic antidote not known.	EAT MENT NEE DE D: ptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.									
SECT	ION 5 : FIRE-FIGI	HTING MEASURES										
5.1		MEDIA: wder or CO2. In the case of more important fires, also irect water jet. Direct water jet may not be effective to		Do not use for								
5.2	Fire can produce	S ARISING FROM THE SUBSTANCEOR MIXTURE: a dense black smoke. As consequence of combustion n monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxides. Exposu	or thermal decomposition, hazardous product re to combustion or decomposition products m	s may be ay be a hazard to								
5.3	ADVICE FOR FIREFIGHTERS: Special protective equipment: Depending on magnitude offire, heat-proof protective dothing may be required, appropriate independent breathing apparatus, gloves, protective glasses or face masks and boots. If the fire-proof protective equipment is not available or is not being used, combat fire from a sheltered position or from a safe distance. The standard EN469 provides a basic level of protection for chemical incidents. <u>Other recommendations</u> : Cool with water the tanks, cistems or containers close to sources of heat or fire. Bear in mind the direction of the wind. Do not allow fire-fighting residue to enter drains, sewers or water courses.											
SECT	ION 6 : ACCIDEN	TAL RELEASE MEASURES										
5.1	Eliminate possib	AUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND EMERGENCY le sources of ignition and when appropriate, ventilate to va pours. Keep people without protection in opposition	the area. Do not smoke. Avoid direct contact w	vith this product.								
6.2	ENVIRONMENTA Avoid contamina contaminates la	LPRECAUTIONS : ition of drains, surfaœ or subterranean water and soil. kes, rivers or sewages, inform the appropriate authori	In the case of large scale spills or when the pro ties in accordance with local regulations.	duct								
6.3	Contain and mor	ATERIAL FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEANING UP: o up spills with non-combustible absorbent materials (biodegradable detergent. Avoid use of solvents. Keep		etc). Clean								

NEUCE O FUTURO DA TINTA	NEUCERAPID F16- Esm.S/R BASE 3 Meio Brilho Code: 29.05.07.03	
For contact For informat For exposur	TO OTHER SECTIONS: information in case of emergency, see section 1. ion on safe handling, see section 7. e controls and personal protection measures, see section 8. isposal, follow the recommendations in section 13.	
SECTION 7 : HANE	DLING AND STORAGE	
Comply with General read Avoid any ty Recomment Vapous are reach distar all naked lig off and do n - Flash poin - Autoignitid - Lower/up Recomment Do not eat, personal pro Recomment	NS FOR SAFE HANDLING: In the existing legislation on health and safety at work. Commendations: Type of leakage or escape. Keep the container tightly cb sed. dations for the prevention of fire and explosion risks: heavier than air, may spread along floors to a considerable distance, can form explosive mixtures with air and are ab it ignition sources and flame up or explode. Due to its flammability, this material should only be used in areas from whether and other sources of ignition have been excluded and away from other heat or electrical sources. Switch mobile p ot smoke. No tools with a potential for sparks should be used. t : 25* °C on temperature : 460* °C per flammability or explosive limits : 1.4* - 7.0* % Volume 25°C lations for the prevention of toxicological risks: drink or smoke in application and drying areas. After handling, wash hands with soap and water. For exposure control otection measures, see section 8. lations for the prevention of environmental contamination: sidered a danger to the environment. In the case of accidental spillage, follow the instructions indicated in section 6.	hich bhones
Forbid the e electrical so order to avo see section <u>Class of stor</u> <u>Maximum s</u> <u>Temperatur</u> <u>Incompatibl</u> Keep away <u>Type of pad</u> Keep away <u>Type of pad</u> According to <u>Limit quanti</u> - Named da - Hazard cat - Hazard cat - Health haz - Environme - Other hazz - Threshold - Threshold - Remarks: The qualifyii Articles are t an establish calculating t	age : According to current legislation. torage period : 12. months e interval : min: 5. %, max: 35. % (recommended). e materials: . from oxidixing agents, from strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials.	on, levant nt at

NEUCE NEUCERAPID F16- Esm.S/R BASE 3 Meio Brilho Code: 29.05.07.03 O FUTURO DA TINTA SPECIFIC END USES: 7.3 For the use of this product particular recommendations apart from that already indicated are not available. SECTION 8 : EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION 8.1 CONTROL PARAMETERS If a product contains ingredients with exposure limits, may be necessary a personnel monitoring, work place or biological, to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to EN689, EN14042 and EN482 standard concerning methods for assessing the exposure by inhalation to chemical agents, and exposure to chemical and biological agents. Reference should be also made to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of dangerous substances. OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMIT VALUES (TLV) **AGCIH 2020** Year TLV-TWA TLV-STEL **Remarks** mg/m3 mg/m3 ppm ppm 1996 100. 434. 150. Xvlene 651. A4,BEI Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic 50. 290. Internal value Butanone oxime Recommended 100. 525. Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy Recommended TLV - Threshold Limit Value, TWA - Time Weighted Average, STEL- Short Term Exposure Limit. A4 - Non classified as carcinogenic in humans. BEI - Biological exposure index (biological monitoring). **BIOLOGICAL LIMIT VALUES:** Biological monitoring can be a very useful complementary technique to air monitoring when air sampling techniques alone may not give a reliable indication of exposure. Biological monitoring is the measurement and assessment of hazardous substances or their metabolites in tissues, secretions, excreta or expired air, or any combination of these, in exposed workers. Measurements reflect absorption of a substance by all routes. Biological monitoring may be particularly useful in circumstances where there is likely to be significant skin absorption and/or gastrointestinal tract uptake following ingestion, where control of exposure depends on respiratory protective equipment, where there is a reasonably well-defined relationship between biological monitoring and effect, or where it gives information on accumulated dose and target organ body burden which is related to toxicity. This preparation contains the following substances that have established a biological limit value: - Xylenes (technical or commercial grade) (2011): Biological determinant: methylhippuric acids in urine, BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, Sampling time: end of shift (2). (2) When the end of the exposition not coincide with the end of the working day, the sample will be taken as soon as possible after the real exposition ceases. DERIVED NO-EFFECT LEVEL (DNEL) Derived no-effect level (DNEL) is a level of exposure that is considered safe, derived from toxicity data according to specific guidances included in REACH. DNEL values may differ from a occupational exposure limit (OEL) for the same chemical. OEL values may come recommended by a particular company, a government regulatory agency or an organization of experts. Although considered protective of health, the OEL values are derived by a process different of REACH. Derived no-effect level, workers: **DNEL Inhalation DNEL**Cutaneous **DNEL** Oral Systemic effects, acute and chronic: mg/kg bw/d mg/kg bw/d mq/m3 Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic - (a) (a) - (c) - (a) - (c) - (c) Derived no-effect level, workers: **DNEL Inhalation DNEL**Cutaneous **DNEL Eyes** Local effects, acute and chronic: mg/cm2 mg/cm2 mq/m3 Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic - (c) - (c) (a) - (c) (a) (a) Derived no-effect level, general population: Not applicable (product for professional or industrial use). (-) - DNEL not available (without data of registration REACH).

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PREDICTED N	O-EFFECT CONCENTRATION (PNEC):			
- Fresh wate	effect concentration, aquatic organisms: r, marine water and intermittent release: tha (petroleum), light aromatic	PNEC Fresh water mg/l uvcb	PNEC Marine mg/l uvcb	PNEC Intermittent mg/l uvcb
fresh- and m	r treatmentplants(STP) and sediments in arine water: tha (petroleum), light aromatic	PNEC STP mg/l uvcb	PNEC Sediments mg/kg dw/d uvcb	PNEC Sediments mg/kg dw/d uvcb
- Air, soil and	effect concentration, terrestrial organisms: effects for predators and humans: tha (petroleum), light aromatic	PNEC Air mg/m3 uvcb	PNEC Soil mg/kg dw/d uvcb	PNEC Oral mg/kg dw/d uvcb
appropriate a for risk asses:	nd it is not possible to identify a single PNÈC representsment.	tative for these substances,	and therefore not used in	calculations

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EXPOSURE CC	NTROLS:									
ENGINEERING	MEASURES:									
*	◎ * ▼ 📓 🥻 †*	Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practica by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general e measures are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of below the Occupational Exposure Limits, suitable respirat wom.	extraction . If these particulates and vapours							
Protection of e area.										
		to install water taps or sources with clean water close to the wo the skin. Barrier creams should not be applied once exposure h								
As a general r (PPE), with th type and char	e corresponding marking. For more i	on (EU) No. 2016/425: the work place, we recommend the use of a basic personal pro information on personal protective equipment (storage, use, cl s, marking, category, CEN norm, etc), you should consult the	eaning, maintenance,							
Mask:	 (EN14387). Class 1: low of capacity up to 10000 ppm depending on the type an specifications supplied by satisfactorily when the air 	n) for gases and vapours of organic compounds with a boling por capacity up to 1000 ppm, Class 2: medium capacity up to 5000 n. In order to obtain a suitable protection level, the filter class m ad concentration of the contaminating agents present, in accord the filter producers. The respiratory equipment with filters does contains high concentrations of vapour or ox ygen content less ntrations of vapour, use independent breathing apparatus.	ppm, Class 3: high nust be selected lance with the s not work							
Safety goggle		to protect against liquid splashes, with suitable lateral protectio tervals in accordance with the instructions of the manufacturer	n (EN166). Clean daily							
Face shield :	No.									
Gloves:	Gloves resistant against chemicals (EN374). When repeated or prolonged contact with the product is expected, gloves of protection level 5 or higher should be used, with a breakthrough time of > 240 min. When short contact with the product is expected, use gloves with a protection level 2 or higher should be used, with a breakthrough time > 30 min. The breakthrough time of the selected glove material should be in accordance with the pretended period of use. There are several factors (for example, temperature), they do in practice the period of use of a protective gloves resistant against chemicals is clearly lower than the established standard EN374. Due to the wide variety of circumstances and possibilities, the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier should be taken into account. Use the proper technique of removing gloves (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid contact of the product with the skin. The gloves should be immediately replaced when any sign of degradation is noted.									
Boots:	No.									
Apron:	No.									
Clothing:	Advisable.									
ENVIRONMEN	e (the product is handled at room ten									
Avoid any spi	Avoid any spillage in the environment. Avoid any release into the atmosphere.									
	Spills on the soil: Prevent contamination of soil.									
- Water Mana	<u>Spills in water:</u> Do not allow to escape into drains, sewers or water courses. - <u>Water Man agement Act:</u> This product does not contain any substance included in the list of priority substances in the field of water policy under Directive 2000/60/EC~2013/39/EU.									
into the atmo - <u>VOC (produ</u> use of organic topcoat, solve	 Emissions to the atmosphere: Because of volatility, emissions to the atmosphere while handling and use may result. Avoid any release into the atmosphere. <u>VOC (product ready for use*)</u>: It is applicable the Directive 2004/42/EC, on the limitation of emissions of volatile compounds due to the use of organic solvents: PAINTS AND VARNISHES (defined in the Directive 2004/42/EC, An rex I.1): Emission subcategory i) One-pack topcoat, solvent-borne. VOC (product ready for use*) (29.05.07.03 / 1000000 = 100 / 10 em peso): 486. q/l* (VOC max. 500. g/l* 									
	topcoat, solvent-borne. VOC (product ready for use*) (29.05.07.03 / 1000000 = 100 / 10 em peso) : 486. g/l* (VOC max. 500. g/l* starting from 01.01.2010). - <u>VOC (industrial installations):</u> If this product is used in an industrial installation, it must be verified if it is applicable the Directive 2010/75/EC, on the limitation of emissions of volatile compounds due to the use of organic solvents in certain activities and installations: 43.9% Weight, VOC (supply) : 43.9% Weight, VOC : 39.6% C (expressed as carbon), Molecular weight (average) : 107.3, Number C atoms (average) : 8.1.									

SAFETY DATA SHEET (REACH) In accordance with Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 and Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830 Date of compilation: 04/04/2022 Page 8/13 NEUCE NEUCERAPID F16- Esm.S/R BASE 3 Meio Brilho Code: 29.05.07.03 O FUTURO DA TINTA **SECTION 9 : PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES** 9.1 INFORMATION ON BASIC P HYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES: Appearance Physical state Liquid. - Colour Colourless. - Odour ÷ Characteristic. <u>pH-value</u> - pH Not applicable (non-aqueous media). ÷ Change of state Melting point
 Initial boiling point Not applicable (mixture). ÷ 137.2* °C at 760 mmHg Density Relative density 1.1 ± 0.1 at 20/4°C Relative water ż **Stability** Viscosity Dynamic viscosity 615. cps 20°C - Kinematic viscosity 190. mm2/s at 40°C - Viscosity (flow time) 150. ± 23. sec.FC4 20°C Volatility: Solubility(ies) - Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Not applicable (mixture). ÷ Flammability: 25* °C 1.4*- 7.0* % Volume 25°C 460* °C - Flash point - Lower/upper flammability or explosive limits Autoignition temperature Explosive properties Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air and are able to flame up or explode in presence of an ignition source. Oxidizing propertie Not classified as oxidizing product. *Estimated values based on the substances composing the mixture. 9.2 **OTHER INFORMATION:** Solids 54. % Weight - VOC (supply) 43.9 % Weight ż - VOC (supply) 486.0 g/l ÷ The values indicated do not always coincide with product specifications. The data for the product specifications can be found in the corresponding technical data sheet. For additional information concerning physical and chemical properties related to safety and environment, see sections 7 and 12. SECTION 10 : STABILITY AND REACTIVITY 10.1 REACTIVITY: Corrosivity to metals: It is not corrosive to metals. Pyrophorical properties: It is not pyrophoric. 10.2 CHEMICAL STABILITY: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions. 10.3 POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS: Possible dangerous reaction with oxidizing agents, acids. 10.4 CONDITIONS TO AVOID : Heat: Keep away from sources of heat. If possible, avoid direct contact with sunlight. Light: Air: The product is not affected by exposure to air, but should not be left the containers open. Humidity: Avoid extreme humidity conditions. Pressure: Not relevant. Shock: The product is not sensitive to shocks, but as a recommendation of a general nature should be avoided bumps and rough handling to avoid dents and breakage of packaging, especially when the product is handled in large quantities, and during loading and download operations. INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS: 10.5 Keep away from oxidixing agents, from strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: 10.6 As consequence of thermal decomposition, hazardous products may be produced: carbon monoxide.

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Rat

Rat

Rat

Vapours

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SECTION 11 : TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No experimental toxicological data on the preparation is available. The toxicological class fication for these mix ture has been carried out by using the conventional calculation method of the Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008~2020/1182 (CLP).

INFORMATION ON TOXICOLOGICAL EFFECTS: 11.1 ACUTE TOXICITY: LD50 (OECD 401) LD50 (OECD 402) LC50 (OECD 403) Dose and lethal concentrations for individual ingredients : mg/kg bw oral mg/kg bw cutaneous mg/m3·4h inhalation 4300. 1700. Rabbit > 22080. **Xylene** Rat Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) > 2000. 1600. Rat Rat Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic 3160. Rabbit 3900. Rat Butanone oxime 2326. Rat > 1000. Rabbit > 13200. 6000. Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy Rat 3000. Rat > 7630. Tall-oil fatty acids oleylamide 2000. > Rat Estimates of acute toxicity (ATE) ATE <u>ATE</u> ATE mg/m3·4h inhalation for individual ingredients : mg/kg bw oral mg/kg bw cutaneous 1100.* 11000.* **Xylene** 1600. Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) Butanone oxime 1100.* Oleylamine-trimeric C18-fatty acids aduct 500.*

(*) - Point estimates of acute toxicity corresponding to the classification category (see GHS/CLP Table 3.1.2). These values are designed to be used in the calculation of the ATE for dassification of a mixture based on its components and do not represent test results.

(-) - The components that are assumed to have no acute toxicity at the upper threshold of category 4 for the corresponding exposure route are ignored.

<u>No observed adverse effect level</u> Butanone oxime		NOAEL Cutaneous mg/kg bw/d	NOAEC Inhalation mg/m3 54. Rat
Lowest observed adverse effect level	LOAEL Oral mg/kg bw/d	LOAEL Cutaneous mg/kg bw/d	LOAEC Inhalation mg/m3
Butanone oxime	> 25. Rat		_

INFORMATION ON LIKELY ROUTES OF EXPOSURE: Acute toxicity:

Routes of exposure	Acute toxicity	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed	Criteria
<u>Inhalation:</u> Not classified	ATE > 20000 mg/m3	-	Not classified as a product with acute toxicity if inhaled (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	GHS/CLP 3.1.3.6.
<u>Skin:</u> Not classified	ATE > 2000 mg/kg bw	-	Not classified as a product with acute toxicity in contact with skin (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	GHS/CLP 3.1.3.6.
Eyes: Not classified	Not available	-	Not classified as a product with acute toxicity by eye contact (lack of data).	GHS/CLP 1.2.5.
Ingestion: Not classified	ATE > 2000 mg/kg bw	-	Not classified as a product with acute toxicity if swallowed (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	GHS/CLP 3.1.3.6.

GHS/CLP 3.1.3.6: Classification of mixtures based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

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CORROSION /	IRRITATION / SENSITISA	<u> </u>			
Danger dass		Target organs	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed	Criteria
Respiratory co	rrosion/imitation:	Respiratory tract	Cat.3	IRRITANT: May cause respiratory irritation.	GHS/CLP 1.2.6. 3.8.3.4.
Skin corrosion	/irritation:	Skin	Cat.2	IRRITANT: Causes skin irritation.	GHS/CLP 3.2.3.3.
<u>Serious eye da</u>	amage/irritation:	Eyes	Cat.2	IRRITANT: Causes serious eye irritation.	GHS/CLP 3.3.3.3.
Respiratory se Not classified	nsi tisa tio n:	-	-	Not classified as a product sensitising by inhalation (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	GHS/CLP 3.4.3.3.
Skin sensitisat	cion:	Skin	Cat.1	SENSITISING: May cause an allergic skin reaction.	GHS/CLP 3.4.3.3.
GHS/CLP 3.3.3.3	: Classification of the mixtur	e when data are available	for all comp	ponents or only for some components. ponents or only for some components. ponents or only for some components.	

GHS GHS/CLP 3.8.3.4: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components.

ASPIRATION HAZARD:

Danger dass	Target organs	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed	Criteria
Aspiration hazard: Not classified	-	-	Not classified as a product hazardous by aspiration (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	GHS/CLP 3.10.3.3.

GHS/CLP 3.10.3.3: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components.

SPECIFIC TARGET OR GAN S TOXICITY (STOT): Single exposure (SE) and/or Repeated exposure (RE):							
Effects	SE/RE	Target organs	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed	Criteria		
Systemic:	RE	Systemic	Cat.2	HARMFUL: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.	GHS/CLP 3.8.3.4.		
Respira tory :	SE	Respiratory tract	Cat.3	IRRITANT: May cause respiratory irritation.	GHS/CLP 3.8.3.4.		
<u>Cutaneous:</u>	RE	Skin	-	DEFATTENING: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.	GHS/CLP 1.2.4.		

GHS/CLP 3.8.3.4: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components.

CMR EFFECTS:

Carcinogenic effe ects: It is not considered as a carcinogenic product.

Genotoxicity : It is not considered as a mutagenic product.

Toxicity for reproduction: Does not harm fertility. Does not harm the unborn child.

Effects via lactation: Not classified as a hazardous product for children breast-fed.

DELAYED AND IMMEDIATE EFFECTS AS WELL AS CHRONIC EFFECTS FROM SHORT AND LONG-TERM EXPOSURE:

Routes of exposure: May be absorbed by inhalation of vapour, through the skin and by ingestion.

Short-term exposure: Exposure to solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated o coupational exposure i mit, may result in adverse health effects, such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and a dverse effects on kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Liquid splashes in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage. If swallowed, may cause irritation of the throat and other effects may be the same as described in the exposure to vapours. Long-term or repeated exposure: Repeated or prolonged contact may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in

non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

INTERACTIVE EFFECTS: Not available.

INFORMATION ABOUT TOXICOCINETICS, METABOLISM AND DISTRIBUTION: Dermal absorption: Not available. Basic toxicokinetics: Not available.

ot available. 12 : ECOLO mental ecotor t by using the <u>DXICITY:</u> cute toxicity r individual i vlene obalt bis(2-e obalt bis(2-e obalt bis(2-e observed e utanone oxir <u>aphtha (petri</u> ull-oil fatty ar <u>o observed e</u> <u>utanone oxir</u> <u>swest observed e</u> <u>utanone oxir</u> <u>utanone oxir</u> <u>u</u>	DGICAL INFORMATION Dexicological data on the preparation a e conventional calculation method of in aquatic environment. ngredients : thylhexanoate) ha (petroleum), light aromatic ne oleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy tids oleylamide effect concentration ne red effect concentration. OF AQUATIC TOXICITY: y toxicity:	of the Regulatio	Cat.	 No. 1272/2008~2020/1 LC50 (OECD 203) mg/l-96hours > 13. Fishes > 1.5 Fishes > 9.2 Fishes > 100. Fishes > 2.6 Fishes > 100. Fishes NOEC (OECD 210) mg/l-28days 50. Fishes MOEC (OECD 210) mg/l-28days 50. Fishes Main hazards to the aqua Not classified as a hazard to aquatic life (based on a criteria are not met). Not classified as a danget toxicity to aquatic life wit available data, the classi nof classified components. 	182 (CLP). EC50 (OECD 202) mg/i-48hours > 16. Daphnia 0.61 Daphnia 201. Daphnia 201. Daphnia 15. Daphnia > 15. Daphnia NOEC (OECD 211) mg/i-21days > 100. Daphnia atic environment dous product with acute tox available data, the classification criteria are not met	EC50 (O mg/l-72hours > 10 0.2 > 12 > 10 > 7.0 NOEC (O mg/l-72hours 2.	Algae Algae Algae Algae Algae Calgae Conteria GHS/CLP Algae GHS/CLP			
mental ecot t by using th <u>DXICITY:</u> <u>ute toxicity</u> r individual i vlene oblat bis(2-e oblat bis(2-e observed e utanone oxir observed e utanone oxir observed e utanone oxir <u>observed e</u> utanone oxir <u>observed e</u> <u>utanone oxir</u> <u>observed e</u> <u>utanone oxir</u> <u>utanone oxir</u> <u>u</u>	e conventional calculation method of in aquatic environment. ngredients : thylhexanoate) ha (petroleum), light aromatic ne oleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy tids oleylamide iffect concentration. ne red effect concentration. OF AQUATIC TOXICITY: y toxicity: Classification of a mixture for acute hazard classification of a mixture for acute hazard classification of a mixture for acute hazard	of the Regulatio	Cat.	 No. 1272/2008~2020/1 LC50 (OECD 203) mg/l-96hours > 13. Fishes > 1.5 Fishes > 9.2 Fishes > 100. Fishes > 2.6 Fishes > 100. Fishes NOEC (OECD 210) mg/l-28days 50. Fishes MOEC (OECD 210) mg/l-28days 50. Fishes Main hazards to the aqua Not classified as a hazard to aquatic life (based on a criteria are not met). Not classified as a danget toxicity to aquatic life wit available data, the classi nof classified components. 	182 (CLP). EC50 (OECD 202) mg/i-48hours > 16. Daphnia 0.61 Daphnia 201. Daphnia 201. Daphnia 15. Daphnia > 15. Daphnia NOEC (OECD 211) mg/i-21days > 100. Daphnia atic environment dous product with acute tox available data, the classification criteria are not met	EC50 (O mg/l-72hours > 10 0.2 > 12 > 10 > 7.0 NOEC (O mg/l-72hours 2.	Algae Algae Algae Algae Algae Calgae Criteria GHS/CLP 4.1.3.5.5.3.			
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olvent napht utanone oxir leylamine-tr	ngredients : thylhexanoate) ha (petroleum), light aromatic ne imeric C18-fatty acids aduct			DQO mgO2/g 2620. 3195.	<pre>%DBO/DQO 5 days 14 days 28 days ~ 52. ~ 81. ~ 88.</pre>	Biodegrada Easy Not easy Easy Inherently Easy Easy				
aphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy Ill-oil fatty acids oleylamide ote: Biodegradability data correspond to an average of data from va			rious hibliographic sources	24. 52. 74. 51. 72. 87.	Easy Easy					
BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL: May bioaccumulate.										
Bioaccumulation				log Pow BCF		Potential				
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MOBILITY IN SOIL: Not available.										
Mobility for individual ingredients : Xylene Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic Butanone oxime Oleylamine-trimeric C18-fatty acids aduct Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy Tall-oil fatty acids oleylamide			log Poc 2.25 3.05 2.96 0.550 4.90 8.16	Constant of Henry Pa·m3/mol 20°C 660. (calculated) 440. (calculated)	Low					
ot Oay or i which we have a set of the set o	e: Biodegr ACCUMULA y bioaccum accumulati ndividual in ene valt bis(2-e vent napht anone oxin ylamine-tr ohtha (petr BILITY IN S available. Dility ndividual in ene valt bis(2-e vent napht anone oxin bility ndividual in ene valt bis(2-e vent napht anone oxin ylamine-tr	e: Biodegradability data correspond to an ave ACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL: y bioaccumulate. accumulation ndividual ingredients : ene valt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) vent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic anone oxime ylamine-trimeric C18-fatty acids aduct ohtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy -oil fatty acids oleylamide BILITY IN SOIL: : available. bility ndividual ingredients : ene valt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) vent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic anone oxime ylamine-trimeric C18-fatty acids aduct ohtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	e: Biodegradability data correspond to an average of data fro ACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL: y bioaccumulate. accumulation ndividual ingredients : ene valt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) vent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic anone oxime ylamine-trimeric C18-fatty acids aduct ohtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy -oil fatty acids oleylamide BILITY IN SOIL: : available. bility ndividual ingredients : ene valt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) vent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic anone oxime ylamine-trimeric C18-fatty acids aduct ohtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	e: Biodegradability data correspond to an average of data from var ACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL: y bioaccumulate. accumulation ndividual ingredients : ene valt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) vent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic anone oxime ylamine-trimeric C18-fatty acids aduct ohtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy -oil fatty acids oleylamide BILITY IN SOIL: : available. Dility ndividual ingredients : ene valt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) vent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic anone oxime ylamine-trimeric C18-fatty acids aduct ohtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	e: Biodegradability data correspond to an avera ge of da ta from various bibliographic sources. ACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL: y y bioaccumulate. log Pow accumulation 3.16 ndividual ingredients : 3.16 ene 3.16 vent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic 3.30 anone oxime 0.630 ylamine-trimeric C18-fatty acids aduct 5.65 oil fatty acids oleylamide 13.5 BILITY IN SOIL: available. anone oxime 2.96 y alt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) 5.65 oil fatty acids oleylamide 13.5 BILITY IN SOIL: available. anone oxime 0.550 ylamine-trimeric C18-fatty acids aduct 2.96 officients : 2.25 anone oxime 0.550 ylamine-trimeric C18-fatty acids aduct 0.550 ylamine-trimeric C18-fatty acids aduct 4.90	e: Biodegradability data correspond to an average of da ta from various bibliographic sources. ACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL: y bioaccumulate. Iog Pow BCF accumulation ndividual ingredients : ene 3.16 56. (calculated) yent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic 3.30 70. (calculated) anone oxime ylamine-trimeric C18-fatty acids aduct 0.630 5.8 (calculated) yohtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy 5.65 > 100. (calculated) oright bis(2-ethylhexanoate) 13.5 71. (calculated) ylamine-trimeric C18-fatty acids aduct 13.5 71. (calculated) savailable. 13.5 2.25 66. (calculated) anone oxime ylamine-trimeric C18-fatty acids aduct 10.9 Poc Constant of Henry Pa-m3/mol 20°C 2.25 66. (calculated) anone oxime ylamine-trimeric C18-fatty acids aduct 2.96 440. (calculated) 0.550 0.550 440. (calculated) 440. (calculated)	-oil fatty acids oleýlamide 51. 72. 87. Easý e: Biodegradability data correspond to an avera ge of data from various bibliographic sources. ACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL: y bioaccumulate. accumulation ndividual ingredients : ene vant bis(2-ethylhexanoate) vent naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy -oil fatty acids olevita BLTTY IN SOIL: : available. Dility ndividual ingredients : ene savailable. Dility ndividual ingredients : ene savailable. Dility ene savailable. Dility ene savailable. Dility ene savailable.			

	VEUCE NEUCERAPID F16 Code: 29.05.07.03	5- Esm.S/R BASE 3 Meio Brilho							
12.5	RESULTS OF PBT AND VPVB ASSESMENT: Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) no. 1907/2006: Does not contain substances that fulfil the PBT/vPvB criteria.								
12.6	OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS: Ozone depletion potential: Not available. Photochemical ozone creation potential: Not available. Earth global warming potential: In case of fire or incineration liberates CO2. Endocrine disrupting potential: Not available.								
SECTI	ON 13 : DISPOSAL CONSIDERAT	IONS							
13.1	WASTE TREATMENT METHODS: Directive 2008/98/EC~Regulation (EU) no. 1357/2014: Take all necessary measures to prevent the production of waste whenever possible. Analyse possible methods for revaluation or recycling. Do not discharge into drains or the environment, dispose at an authorised waste collection point. Waste should be handled and disposed in accordance with current local and national regulations. For exposure controls and personal protection measures, see section 8. Disposal of empty containers: Directive 94/62/EC~2015/720/EU, Decision 2000/532/EC~2014/955/EU: Emptied containers and packaging should be disposed in accordance with currently local and national regulations. The classification of packaging as hazardous waste will depend on the degree of empting of the same, being the holder of the residue responsible for their classification, in accordance with Chapter 15 01 of Decision 2000/532/EC, and forwarding to the appropriate final destination. With contaminated containers and packaging, adopt the same measures as for the product in itself.								
	Procedures for neutralising or destru- Controlled incineration in special fac	oving the product: cilities for chemical waste, in accordance with local regulations.							
SECTI	ON 14 : TRANSPORT INFORMATI	ON							
14.1	UN NUMBER: 1263								
14.2	UN PROPER SHIPPING NAME: PAINT								
14.3	TRANSPORT HAZARD CLASS(ES):								
	Transport by road (ADR 2021) and Transport by rail (RID 2021):								
	 Class: Packing group: Classification code: Tunnel restriction code: Transport category: Limited quantities: Transport document: Instructions in writing: 	3 III F1 (D/E) 3, max. ADR 1.1.3.6. 1000 L 5 L (see total exemptions ADR 3.4) Consignment paper. ADR 5.4.3.4							
	Transport by sea (IMDG 39-18):								
	 Class: Packing group: Emergency Sheet (EmS): First Aid Guide (MFAG): Marine pollutant: Transport document: 	3 III F-E,S_E 310,313 No. Shipping Bill of lading.							
	Transport by air (ICAO/IATA 2021):								
	Class:Packing group:Transport document:	3 III Air Bill of lading.							
	Transport by inland waterways (AD Not available.	<u>N):</u>							
14.4	PACKING GROUP: See section 14.3								
14.5	ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD S: Not applicable (not classified as hazardous for the environment).								
14.6	SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USER: Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in case of accident or spill. Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure adequate ventilation.								
14.7	TRANSPORT IN BULK ACCORDING TO Not applicable.	DANNEX II OF MARP OL 73/78 AN D THE IBC CODE:							
SECTI	ON 15 : REGULATORY INFORMAT	ION							
15.1	The regulations applicable to this p	<u>IENTAL REGULATIONS/LEGISLATION SPECIFIC:</u> roduct generally are listed throughout this Safety Data Sheet.							
		g on market and use: See section 1.2							
	lactile warning of danger: Not appl	icable (product for professional or industrial use).							

Date of compilation: 04/04/2022 Page 13/13

NEUCE	NEUCERAPID F16- Esm.S/R BASE 3 Meio Brilho Code: 29.05.07.03	\checkmark			
Child safet	<u>protection</u> : Not applicable (the classification criteria are not met).				
VOC information on the label: Contains VOC max. 486. g/l - The limit value 2004/42/CE-IIA cat. i) for the product ready for use is VOC max. 500. g/l (2010).					
OTHER REGULATIONS:					
Control of t	he risks inherent in major accidents (Seveso III): See section 7.2				
	legislations: er should verify the possible existence of local regulations applicable to the chemical.				
CHEMICAL A chemical	SAFETY ASSESSMENT: safety assessment has not been carried out for this mixture.				
ION 16 : OT	HER INFORMATION				
TEXT OF TH	IE PHRASES AND NOTES REFERENCED IN SECTIONS 2 AND/OR 3: tements according the Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008~2020/1182 (CLP), Annex III:_				
H226 Flam contact with Causes ser H400 Very effects. H3 prolonged <u>Notes relat</u> Note H : TI	mable liquid and vapour H302 Harmful if swallowed. H304 May be fata lif swallowed and enters airways. H312 Harmful in h skin. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 ious eye irritation. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizzine tox ic to aquatic life. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting 51 Suspected of causing cancer. H361f Suspected of damage fertility. H373i May cause damage to organs through or repeated exposure if inhaled. H3730 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallow ed to the identification, classification and labelling of the substances: the dangerous property (ies) indicated by the risk phrase(s) in with the category (ies) of danger shown.	ess. wed.			
Note P : Th	e classification as a carcinogen or mutagen need not apply if it can be shown that the substance contains less than 0,1% ne (EC No. 200-753-7).)			
EVALUATIC	N OF THE INFORMATION ON THE DANGER OF MIXTURES: See sections 9.1, 11.1 and 12.1.				
It is recom	N ANY TRAINING APPROPRIATE FOR WORKERS: mended for all staff that will handle this product to carry out a basic training in occupational risk and prevention, in order t derstanding and interpretation of Safety Data Sheets and labelling of products as well.	to			
	ATURE REFERENCES AND SOURCES FOR DATA:				
 European Chemicals Agency: ECHA, http://echa.europa.eu/ Access to European Union Law, http://eur-lex.europa.eu/ Industrial Solvents Handbook, Ibert Mellan (Noyes Data Co., 1970). Threshold Limit Values, (AGCIH, 2018). European agreement on the international carriage of dangerous goods by road, (ADR 2021). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG including Amendment 39-18 (IMO, 2018). 					
List of abbr REACH: R GHS: GDS: GHS: GLINCS: F CAS: Che UVCB: SU SVHC: SU VOC: Vola VOC: Vola DNEL: De PNEC: Pre VOC: Vola DNEL: De PNEC: Pre LD50: Let LC50: Let UN: Unite ADR: Eurr RID: Regu IMDG: Int IATA: Inte	IONS AND ACRONYMS: eviations and acronyms that can be used (but not necessarily used) in this Safety Data Sheet: egulation concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals. Dally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals of the United Nations. pean regularion on Classificatin, Labelling amd Packaging of substances and chemical mixtures. Suropean Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances. The composition of the American Chemical Substances. Suropean List of Notified Chemical Substances. The composition of the American Chemical Society). Destances of Unknown or Variable composition, complex reaction products or biological materials. Destances of Very High Concern. Istent, bioaccumulable and toxic substances. Y persistent and very bioa coumulable substances. Y and the compounds. The down on the composition (REACH). Hal dose, 50 percent. Hal concentration, 50 percent. Hal concentration, 50 percent. Hal concerning the international carriage of dangeous goods by road. Hations Corganisation. Depean agreement concerning the international carriage of dangeous goods by road. Hations and service for Dangerous Goods. Hational Maritime code for Dangerous Goods.				
SAFETY DA	ernational Civil Aviation Organization. <u>TA SHEET REGULATION S:</u> a Sheet in accordance with Article 31 of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) and Annex of Regulation (EU) No.				
2015/830.					
HISTORIC: Version:					

down in the local rules and legislation. The information in this Safety Data Sheet is meant as a description of the safety requirements of the product and it is not to be considered as a guarantee of the product's properties.